

LICK OBSERVATORY

TECHNICAL REPORT

Areal Parabolic Collimators for the Keck II Telescope

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UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA SANTA CRUZ

An imaging spectrograph optical design for the Cassegrain focus of the Keck II telescope has recently been proposed by H. Epps (April 1995). This technical report describes the optical performance of two alternative parabolic mirror collimators and the difficulties of physical packaging. The nominal design consists of a 90-inch focal length collimator followed by a 12.375-inch focal length camera, with a telescope field size of up to 5-arcmin on the sky. One difficulty with a mirror collimator is that the focal surface of the collimator and the exit pupil nearly coincide, so that either the focal surface or the exit pupil must be moved off axis to avoid vignetting. Another difficulty is the overall length of the package, both behind and in front of the focal surface of the telescope.

Four field points are shown for each collimator design case, one point in the center of the field imaged by the collimator and three points at the edges of the imaged field. The camera is assumed to have no aberrations when imaging the final spot diagrams. The box sizes for the spots are 0.5 arcsec, which is 50 microns at the CCD.

The off-axis mirror case is considered first, where the center of the telescope field is imaged and the collimator mirror is tilted to move the exit pupil away from the focal surface. Three different telescope field sizes are compared in Figures 1 through 6, which show the raytrace of the field points and the final spots. For the 3-, 4-, and 5-arcmin telescope field sizes, the rms spot diameters of the points at the edges of the field are 0.18, 0.26, and 0.36 arcsec, respectively.

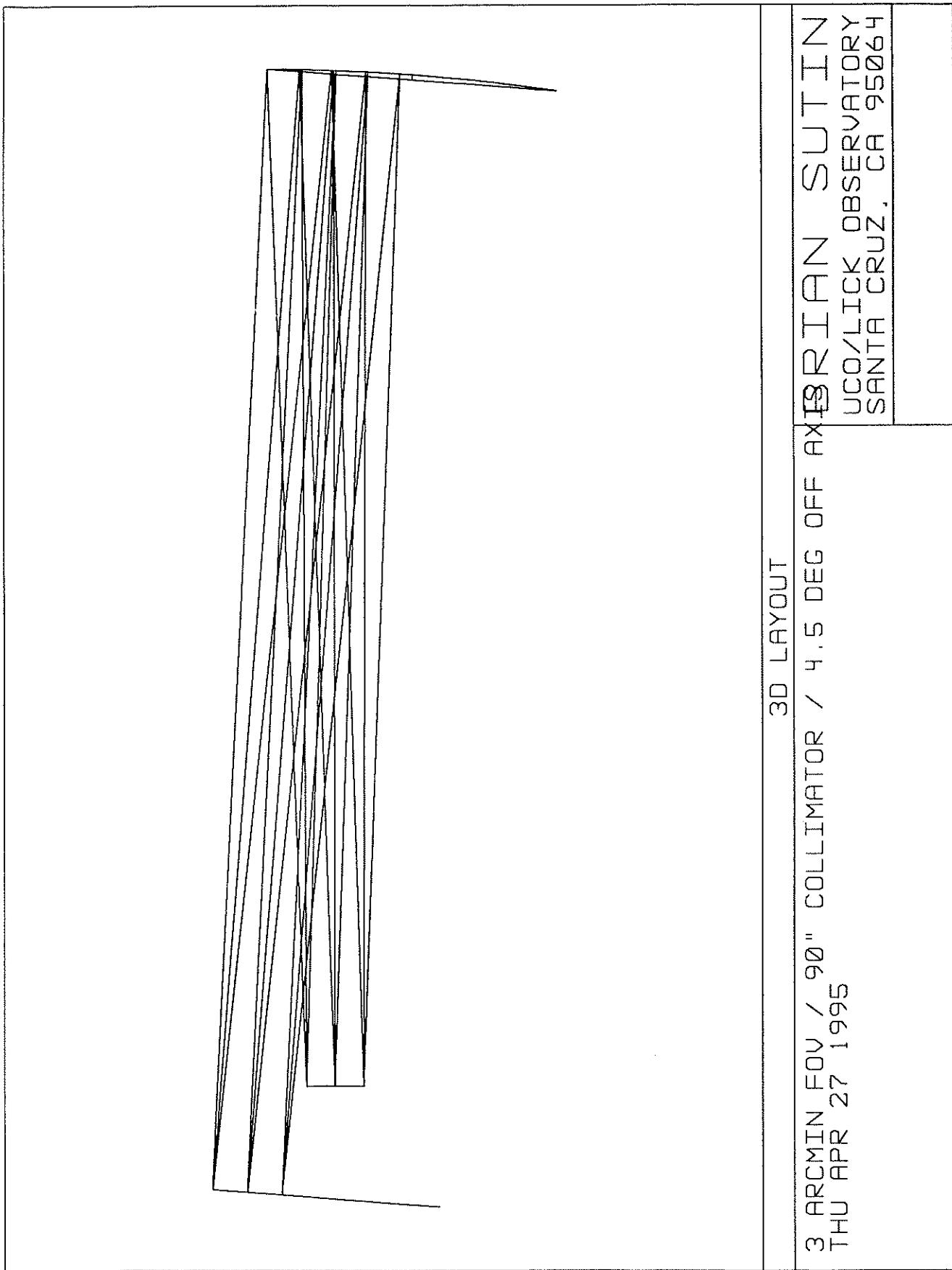
Figures 7 through 10 show the opposite case, where the collimator mirror and exit pupil remain on axis while the imaged focal surface is off axis. Two telescope field sizes are shown, for 4- and 5-arcmin, which have worst case rms spot diameters of 0.21 and 0.25 arcsec, respectively.

For an equivalent telescope field size, a design with an on-axis collimator mirror and off-axis telescope field is clearly superior. For a 5-arcmin telescope field, the worst case rms spot diameter is 50 percent larger for the off-axis collimator mirror, and 20 percent worse for a 4-arcmin telescope field size.

The maximum envelope of the Cassegrain module for the Keck II telescope is shown in Figure 11, copied from an early drawing of the DEIMOS (formerly DEEP (formerly MBSS)) instrument. The module has a maximum axial length of 19.7 inches ahead of the focal surface of the telescope, and a maximum axial length of 98.4 inches behind the focal surface. Once a 90-inch collimator mirror is used, the remaining 8.4 inches is barely enough to contain the depth of the mirror and the mirror support structure. The current design of the dispersion section of the spectrograph shown in Figure 12 requires at least 16 inches ahead the focal surface, leaving a marginal 3.7 inches for the echellette grating support. If this space is not adequate, opening up the angle between the focal surface and the exit pupil would allow the imaging mirror to be moved closer to the collimator at the expense of some image quality.

In conclusion, a 90-inch mirror collimator used at the Cassegrain focus of the Keck II telescope with a 5-arcmin telescope field size would have 0.25 arcsec rms image diameters with an on-axis collimator mirror, superior to the 0.36 arcsec images from an off-axis mirror. A 90-inch mirror collimator design has only marginally adequate space in the Cassegrain module, both behind the collimator mirror and behind the echellette grating.

Figure 1



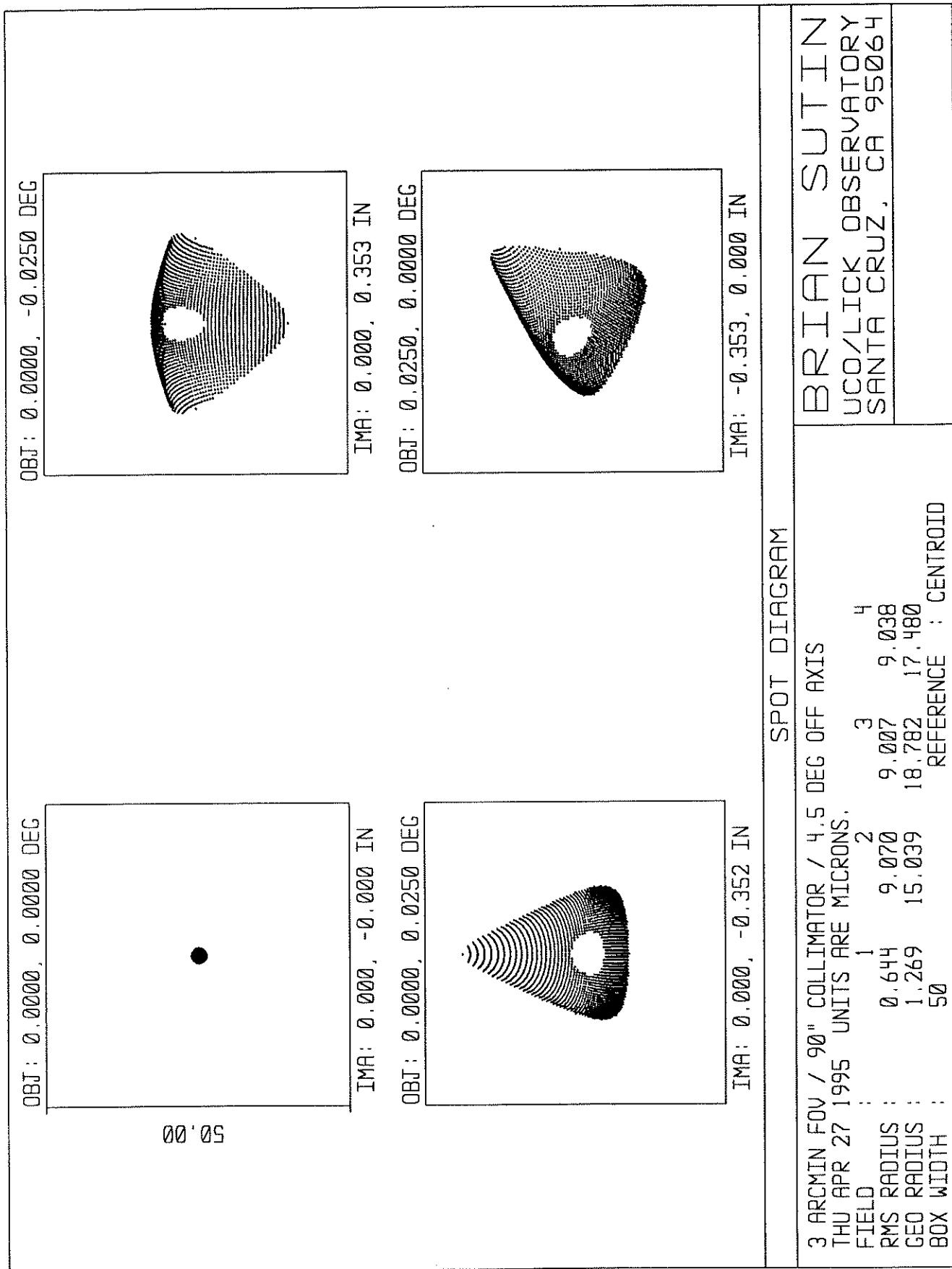
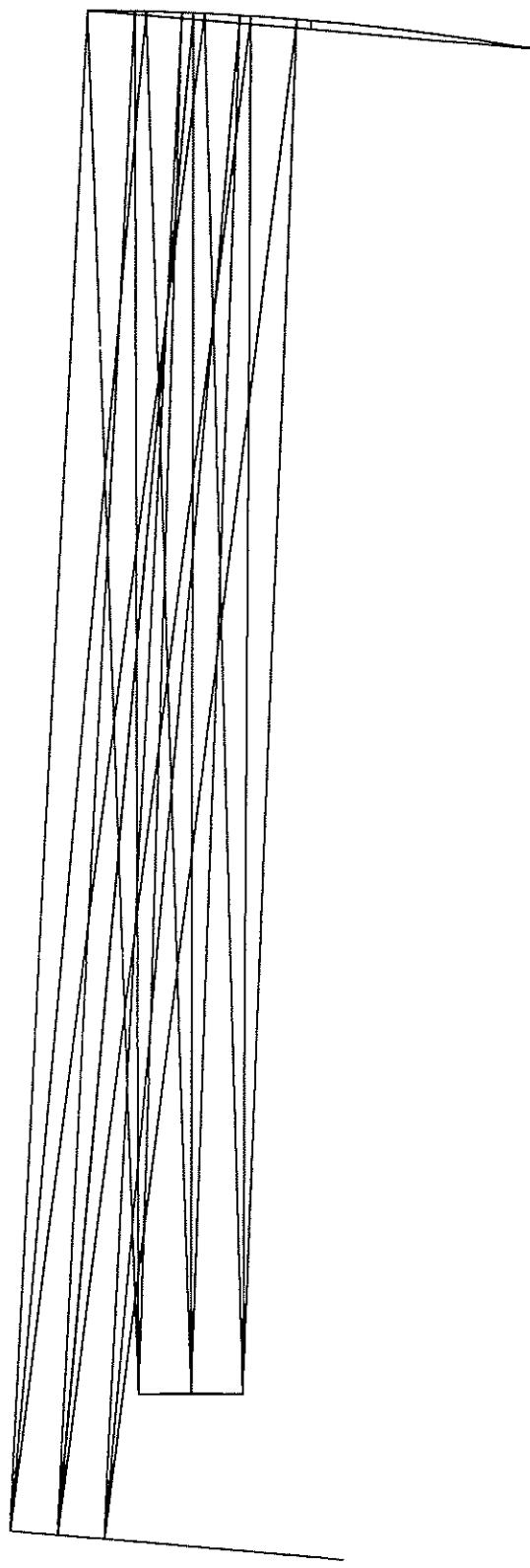


Figure 2

Figure 3



3D LAYOUT
4 ARCMIN FOV / 90" COLLIMATOR / 5 DEG OFF AXIS BRITAN SUTIN
THU APR 27 1995 UCO/LICK OBSERVATORY
SANTA CRUZ, CA 95064

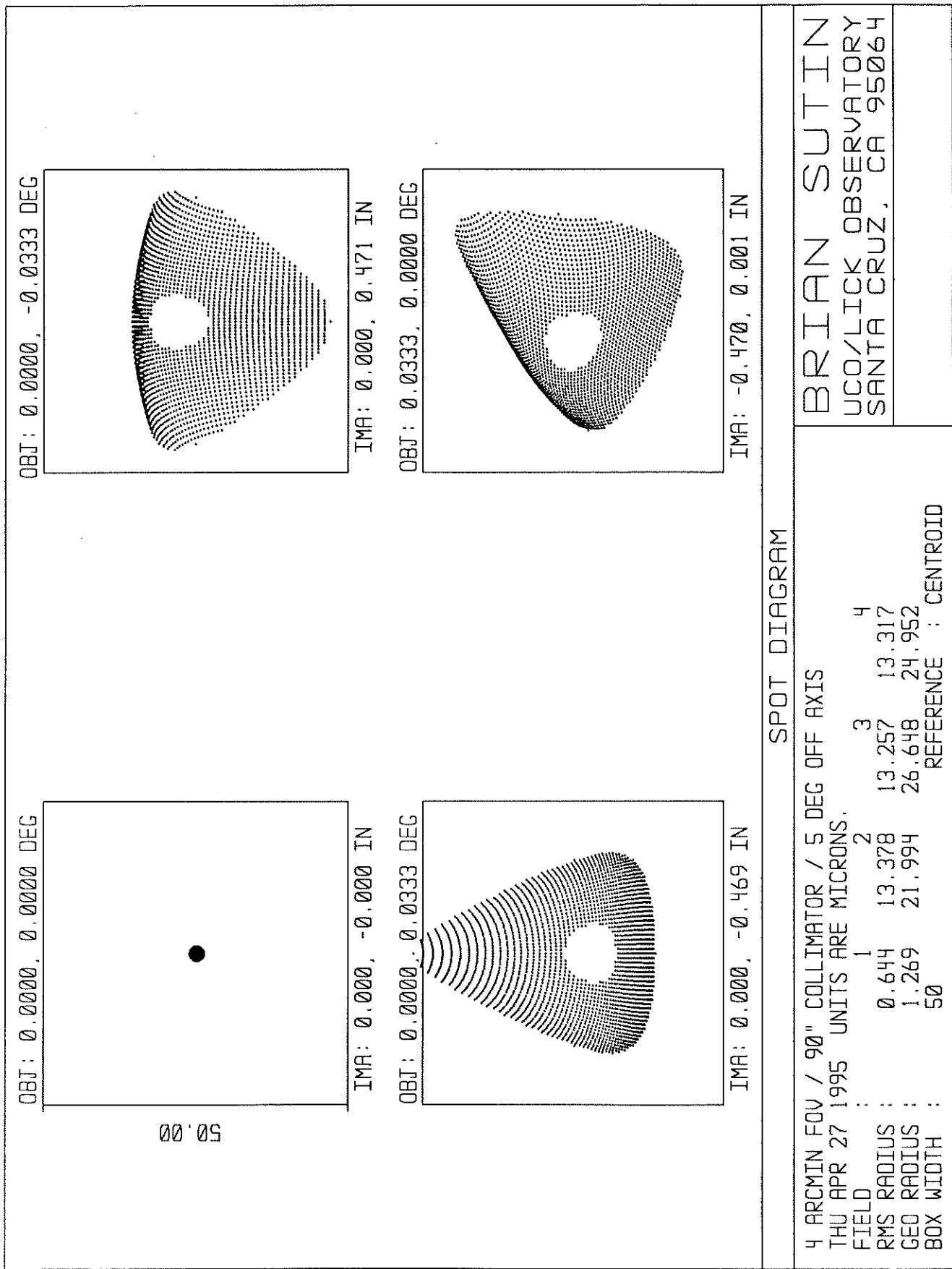
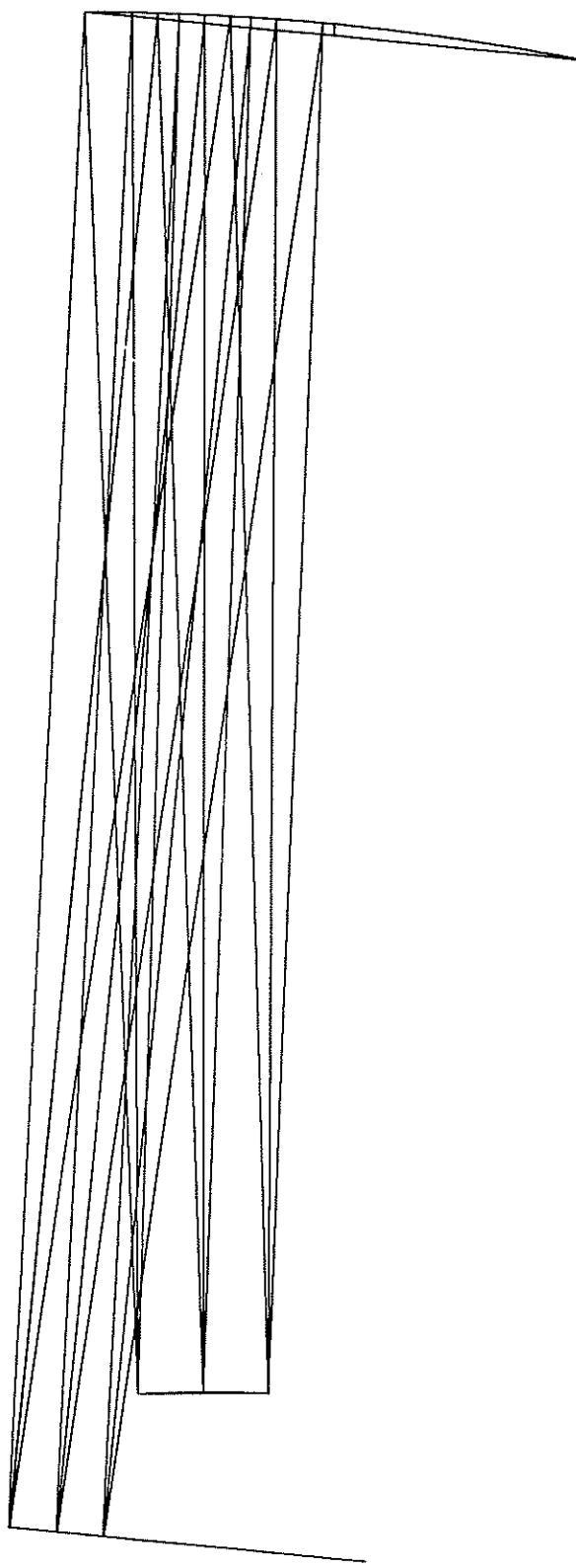


Figure 4

Figure 5



3D LAYOUT

SARCMIN FOV / 90" COLLIMATOR / 5.5 DEG OFF AX
THU APR 27 1995
SUTTON
UCO/LICK OBSERVATORY
SANTA CRUZ, CA 95064

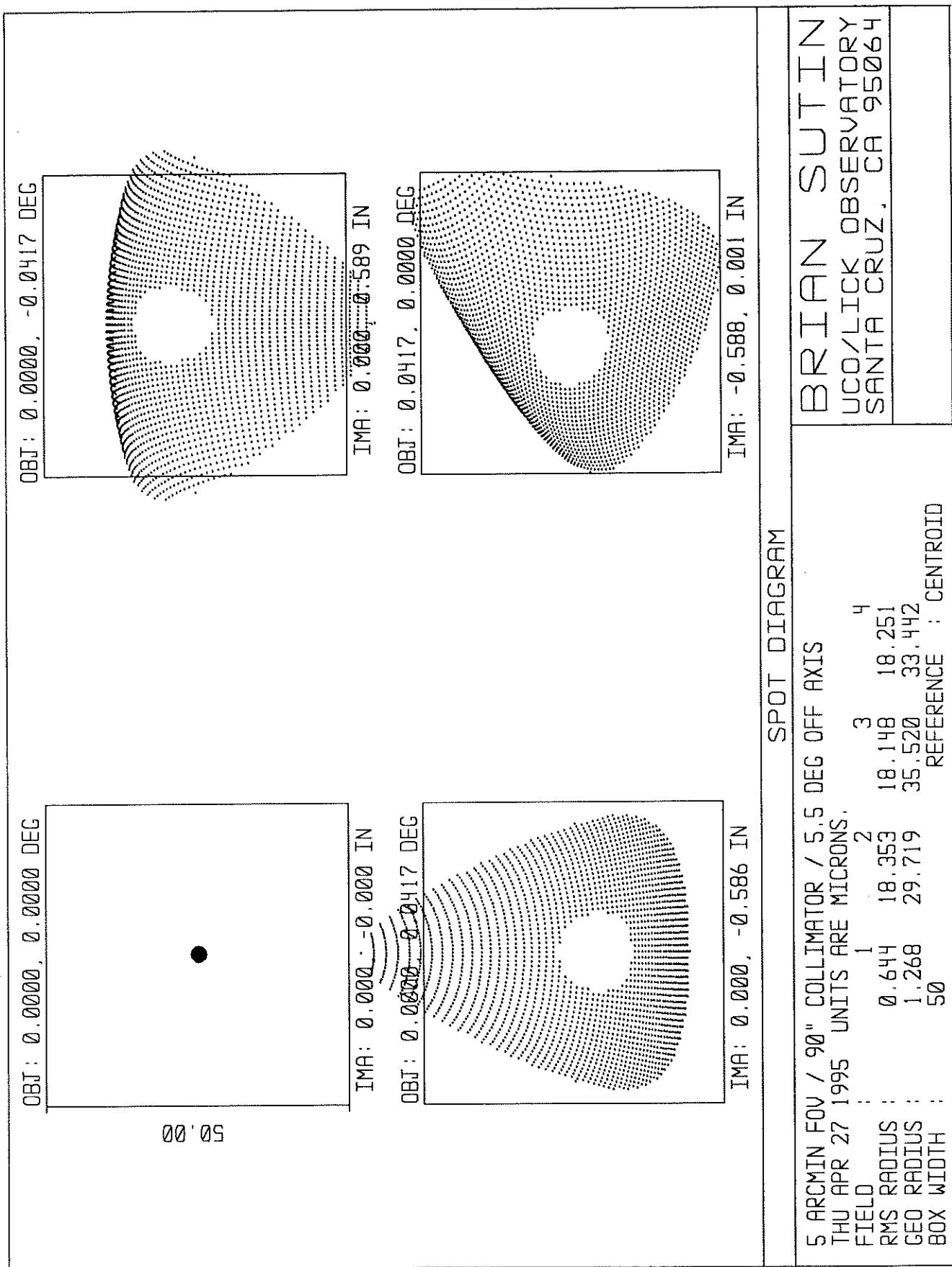
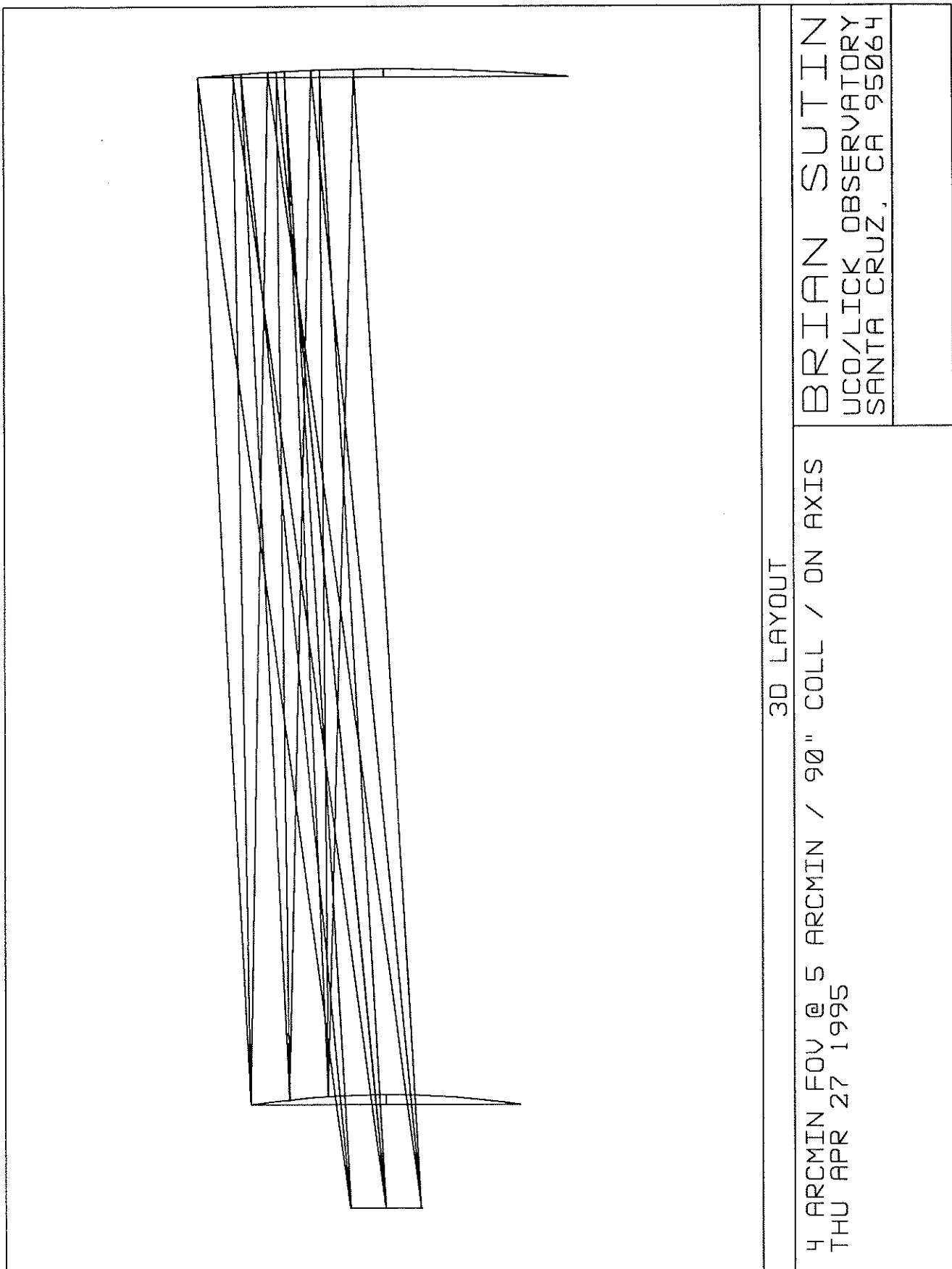


Figure 6

Figure 7



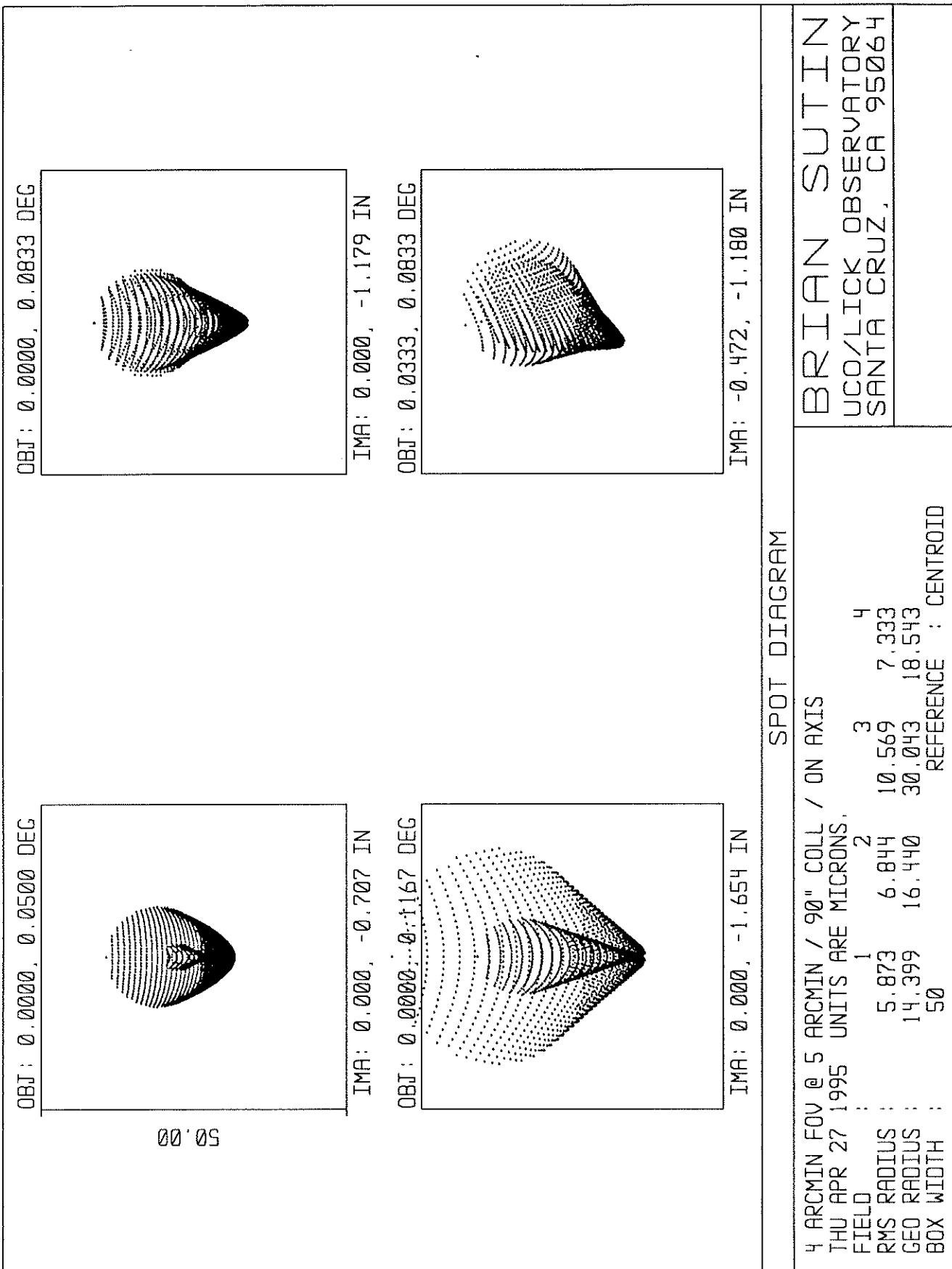


Figure 8

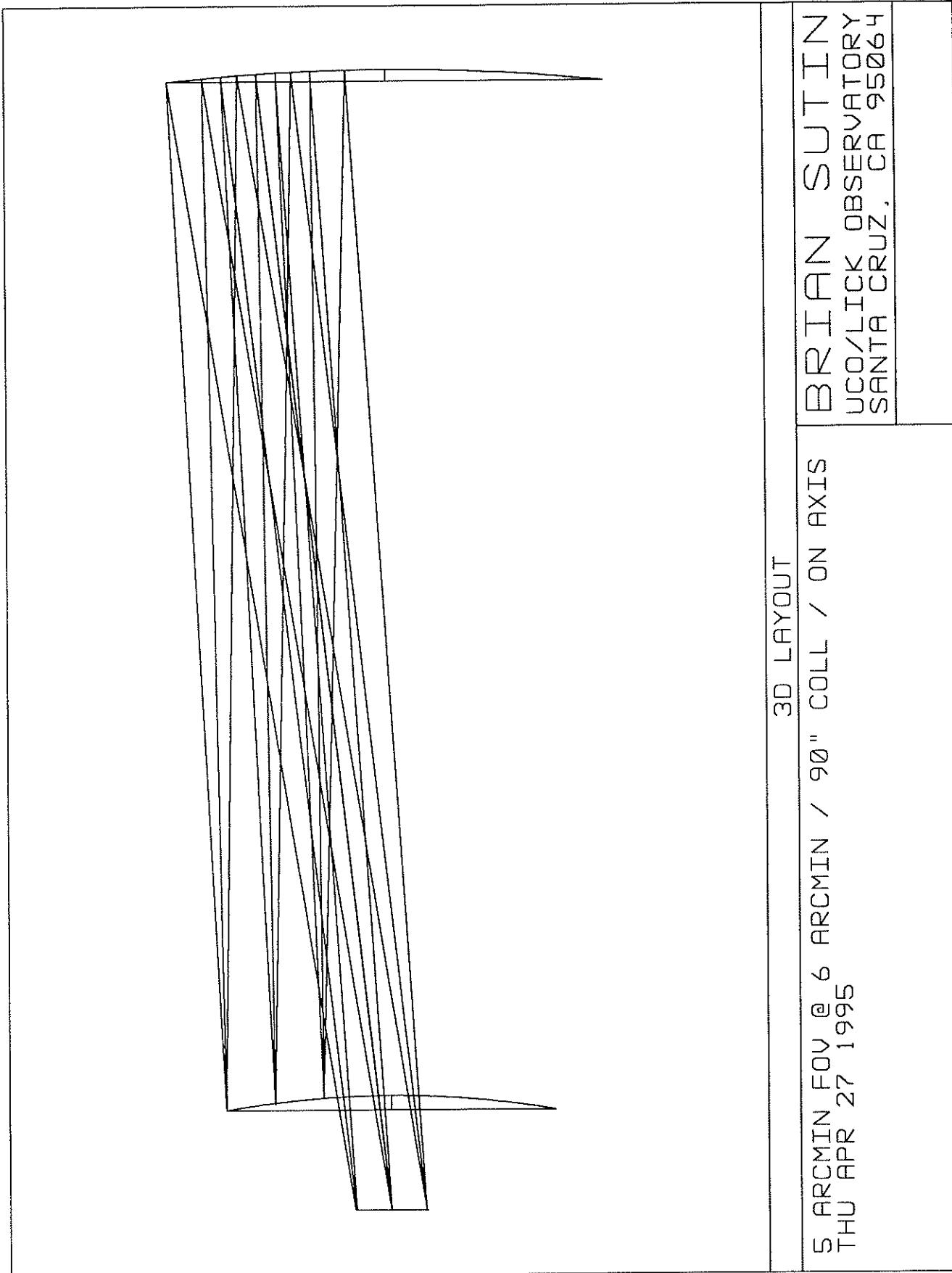


Figure 9

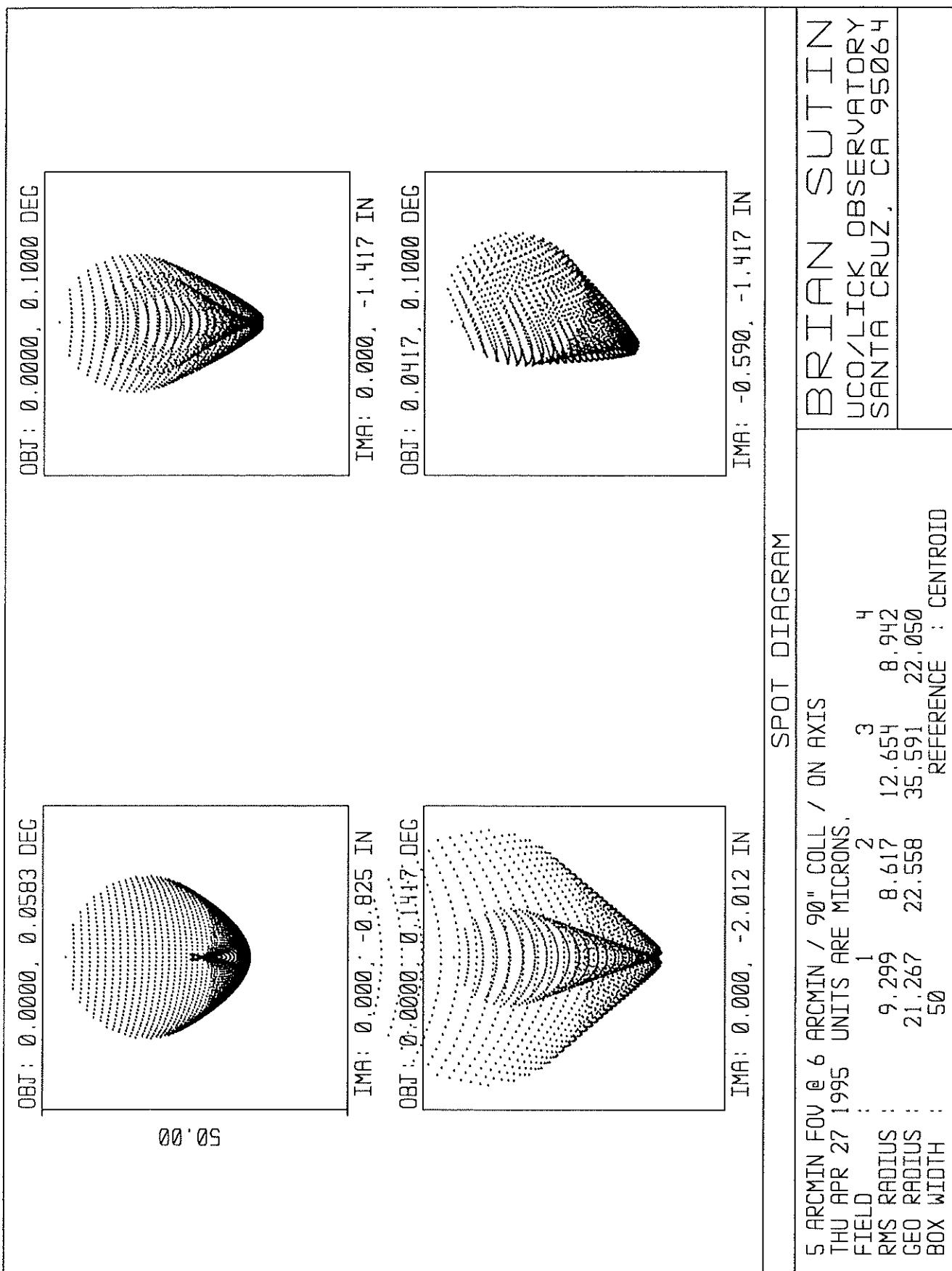


Figure 10

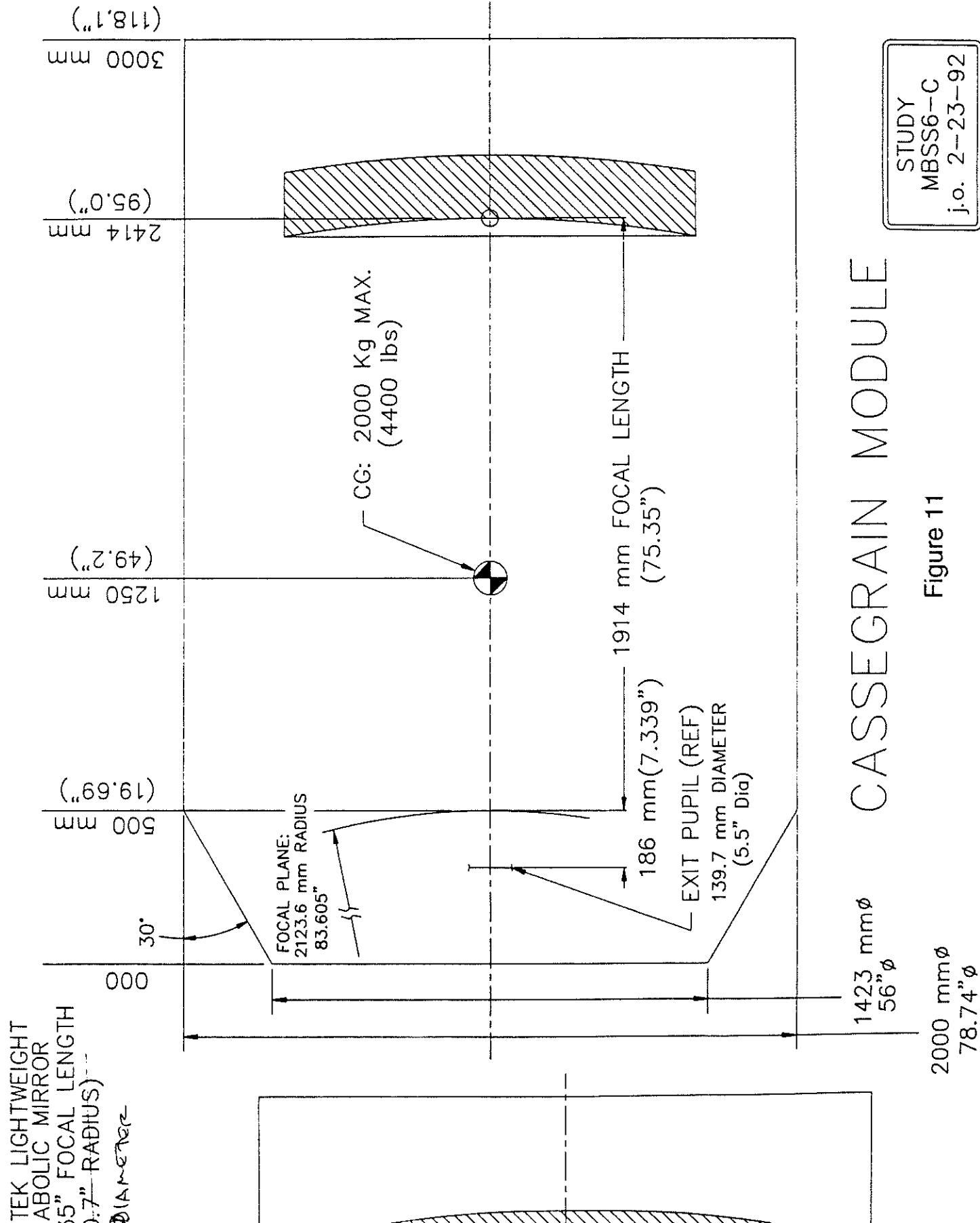


Figure 11

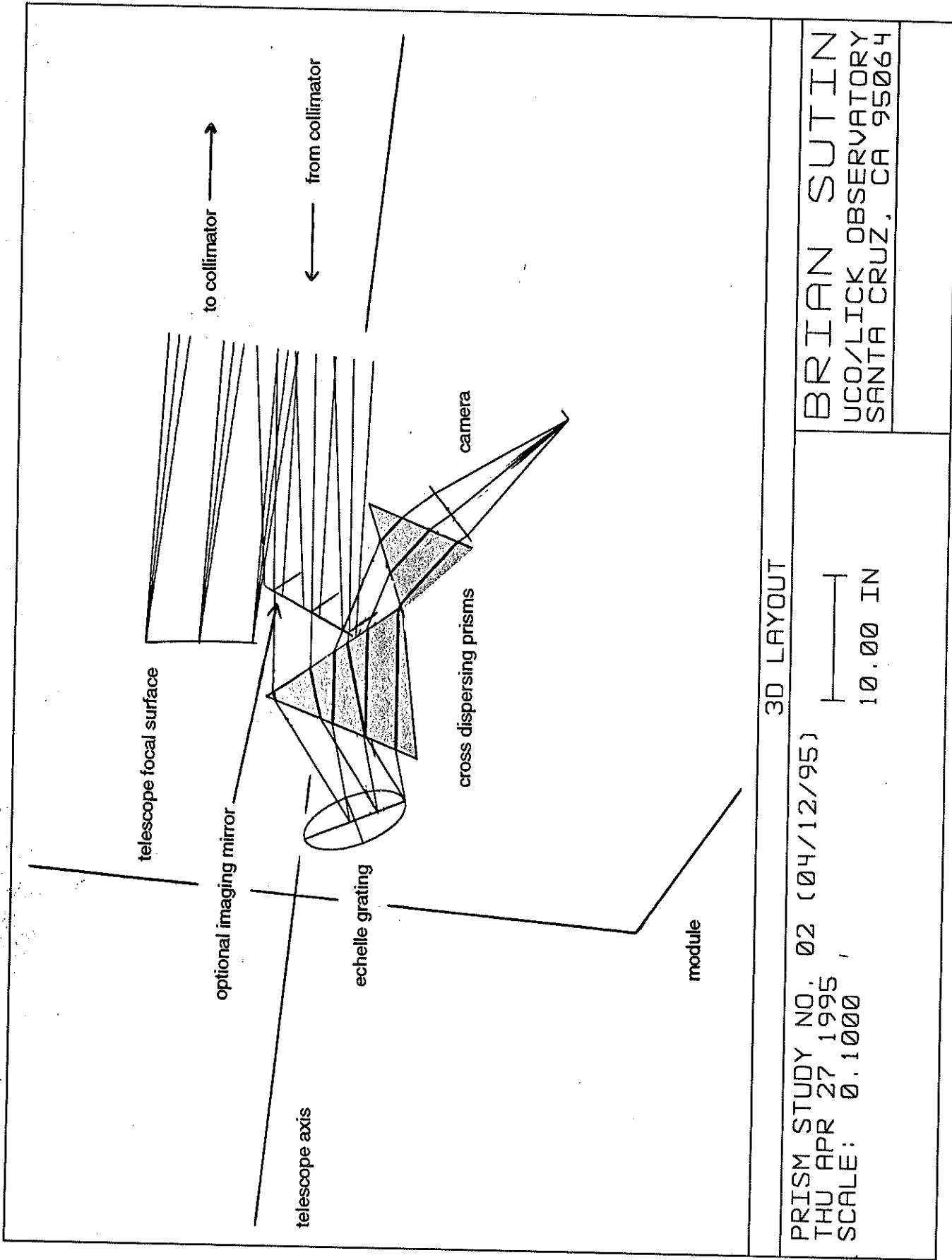


Figure 12

UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA OBSERVATORIES

LICK OBSERVATORY TECHNICAL REPORTS

No. 87A

ADDENDUM TO

**AREAL PARABOLIC COLLIMETERS
FOR THE KECK II TELESCOPE**

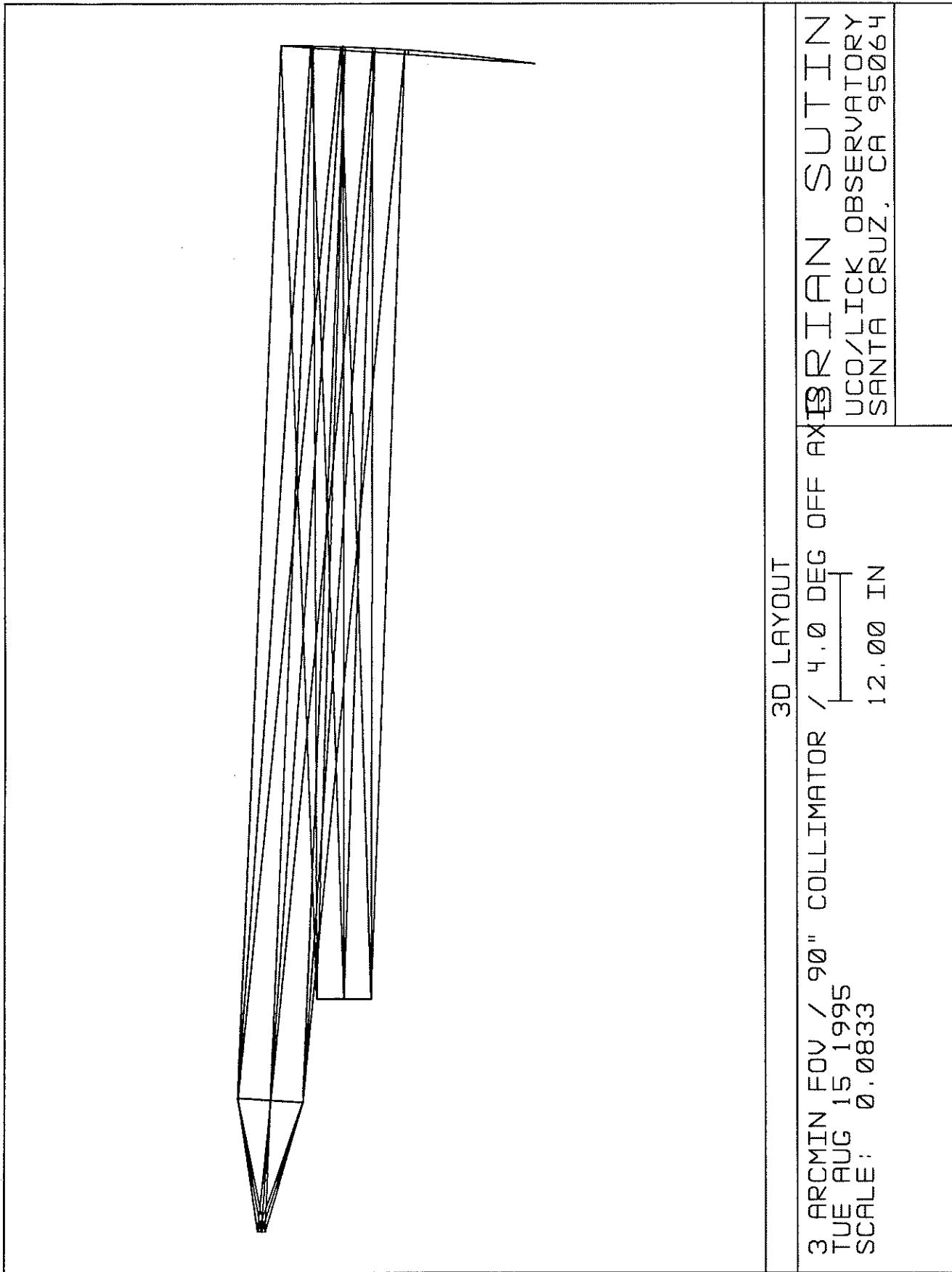
Brian M. Sutin

Santa Cruz, California
August 15, 1995

The collimator for the ESI instrument for the Keck II telescope is a 3.0-arcmin on-axis field of view off-axis parabolic mirror. The collimator angle between the entrance and exit pupil changes the maximum distance from the focal surface of the telescope to the pick-off mirror for direct imaging, which intercepts the collimated light returning from the collimator without blocking the 3.0-arcmin field of view. Although careful engineering has not been done to find the minimum distance required to prevent the grating inside the module, a pick-off mirror distance of about 2.0 inches seems minimally adequate for a single mounted grating. With any of the collimator angles except the 4.0-degree choice, a exit-pupil moving curved entrance window is required to move the exit pupil back to the save location relative to the result of the spectrograph and camera.

The following figures show raytraces various cases of collimator angles, as well as spot diagrams for each, assuming a perfect camera. The spots are for points at the center and at 1.0 arcmin and 1.5 arcmin angular radii from the center of the field. All boxes are 0.5 arcsec, or 50 microns at the CCD chip. The following Table summarizes the pupil-mirror distance, and the maximum rms diameter spot size for a 3.0-arcmin field.

Collimator Angle degrees	Pupil-Mirror Distance inches	Maximum Spot Diameter arcsec
4.0	1.5	0.16
4.5	7.2	0.18
5.0	11.9	0.20
5.5	16.0	0.22
6.0	20.2	0.24



3D LAYOUT

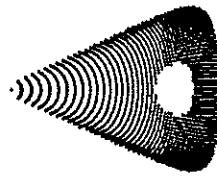
3 ARCMIN FOV / 90" COLLIMATOR / 4.0 DEG OFF AXIS
TUE AUG 15 1995
SCALE: 0.0833
UCO/LICK OBSERVATORY
SANTA CRUZ, CA 95064

OBJ: 0.0000, 0.0000 DEG

00.05

IMA: 0.000, -0.000 IN

OBJ: 0.0000, 0.0250 DEG

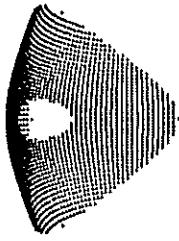


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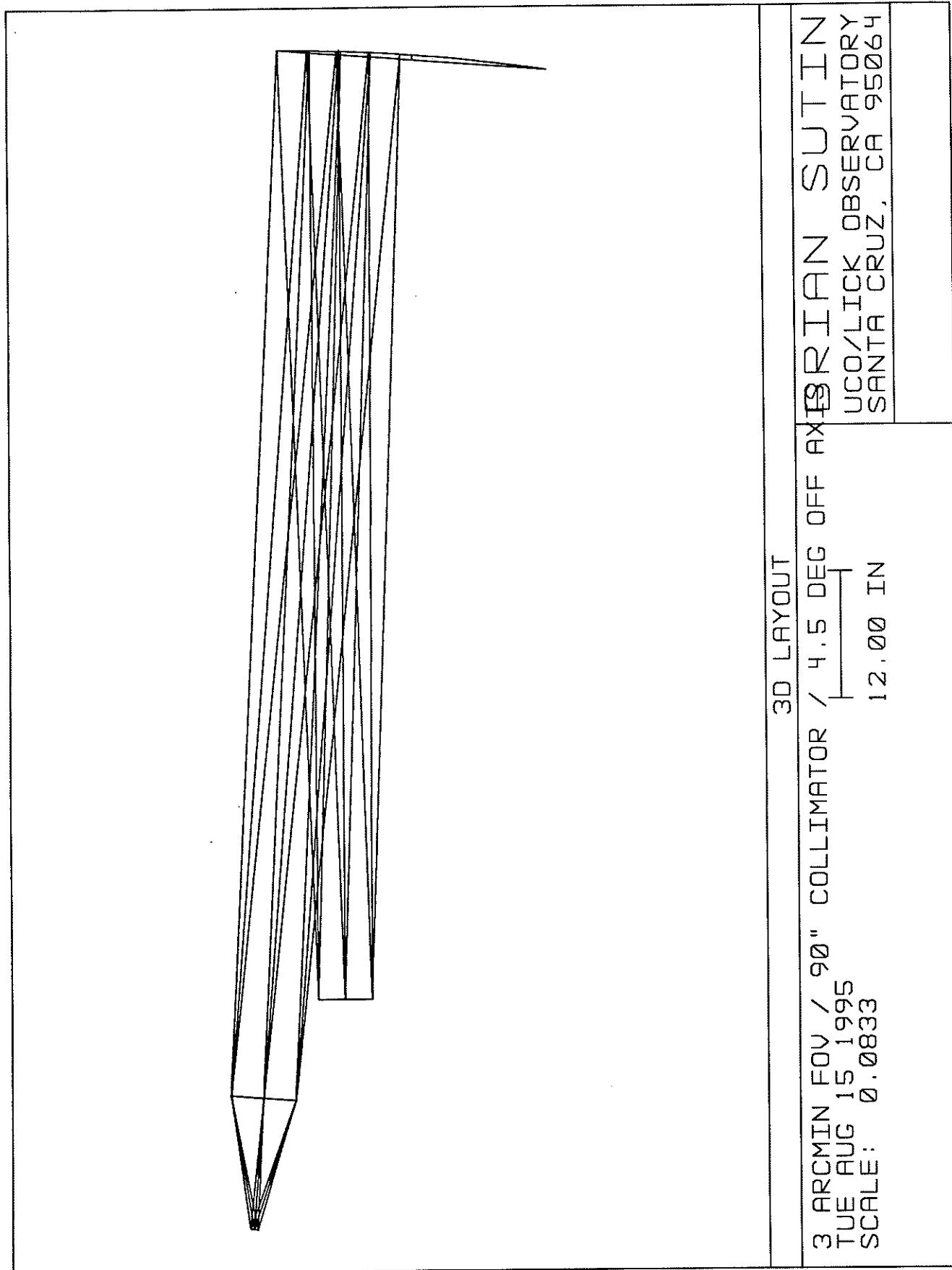
IMA: 0.000, 0.353 IN

OBJ: 0.0250, 0.0000 DEG



SPOT DIAGRAM

3 ARCMIN FOV / 90" COLLIMATOR / 4.0 DEG OFF AXIS	4
TUE AUG 15 1995 UNITS ARE MICRONS.	
FIELD :	1
RMS RADIUS :	0.645
GEO RADIUS :	1.269
BOX WIDTH :	50
REFERENCE :	CENTROID
BRITIAN SUTIN	
UCO/LICK OBSERVATORY	
SANTA CRUZ.	
CA 95064	

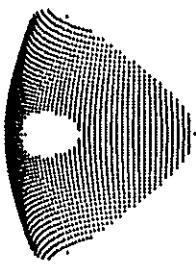


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00.05

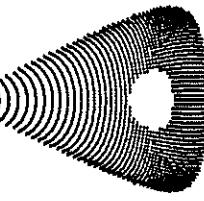
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IMA: 0.000, 0.353 IN

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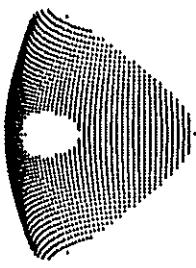


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SPOT DIAGRAM

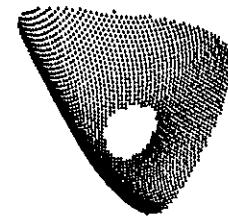
BRITIAN SUTIN UCO/LICK OBSERVATORY SANTA CRUZ, CA 95064			
3 ARCMIN FOV / 90" COLLIMATOR / 4.5 DEG OFF AXIS			
TUE AUG 15 1995 UNITS ARE MICRONS.			
FIELD :	2	3	4
RMS RADIUS :	0.644	9.070	9.038
GEO RADIUS :	1.269	15.039	18.782
BOX WIDTH :	50		17.480
REFERENCE :	CENTROID		

OBJ: 0.0000, -0.0250 DEG

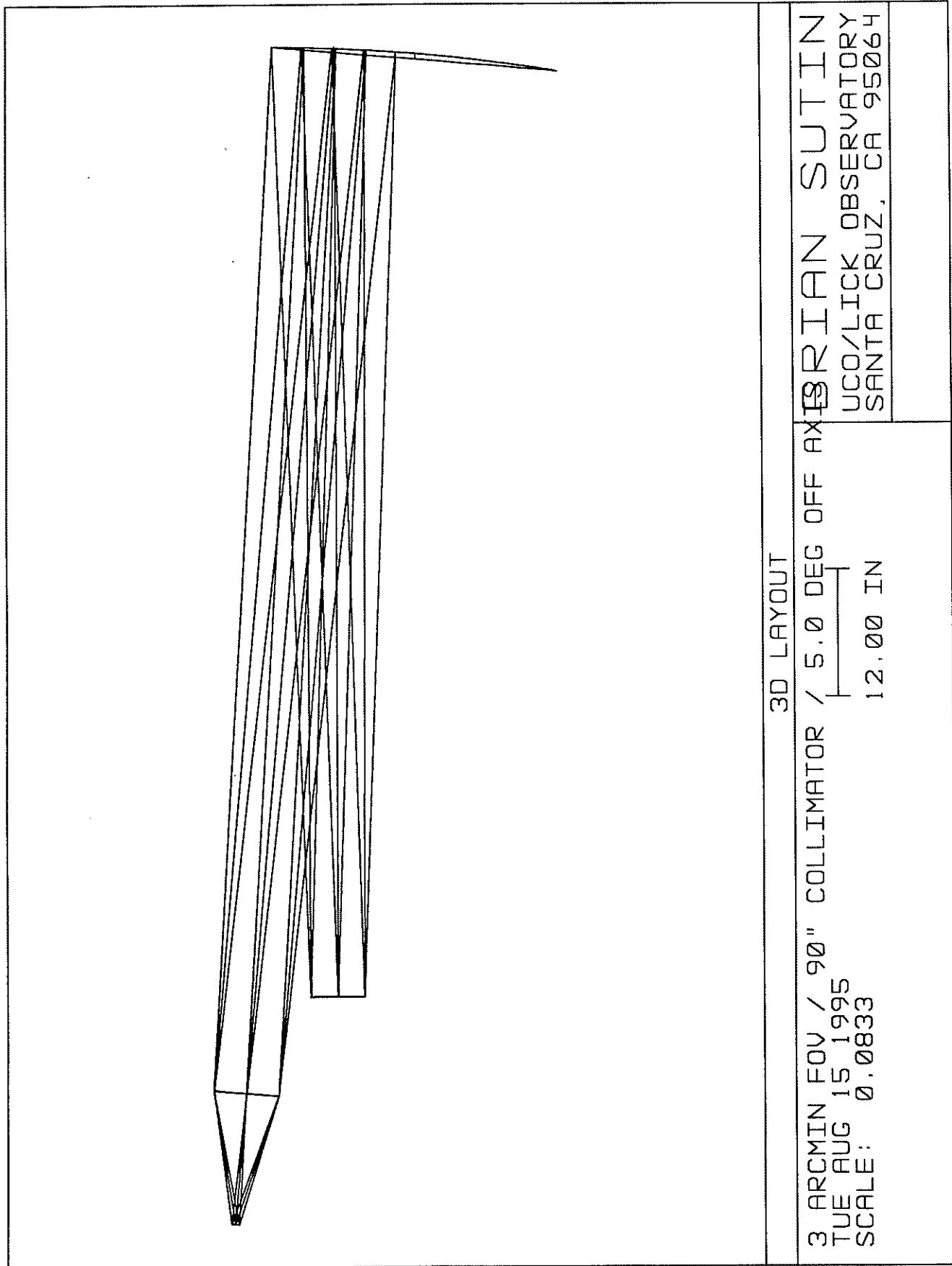


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OBJ: 0.0250, 0.0000 DEG

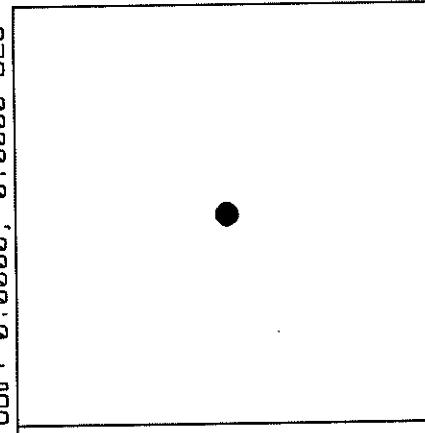


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OBJ: 0.0000, 0.0000 DEG

IMA: 0.000, -0.0250 DEG

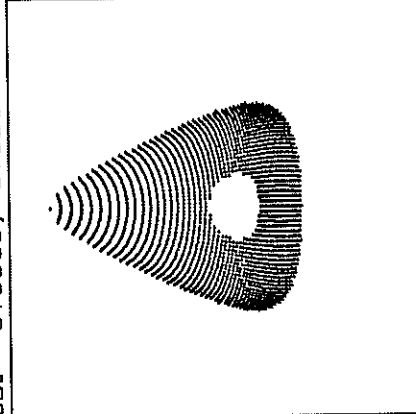


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OBJ: 0.0000, -0.0250 DEG

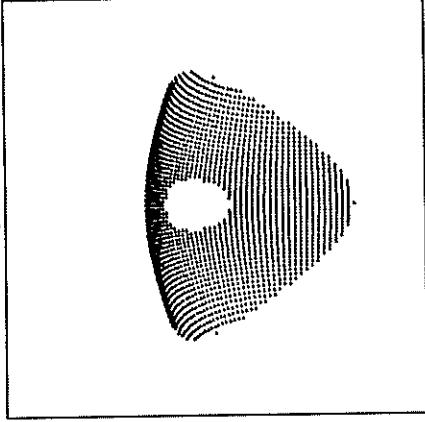
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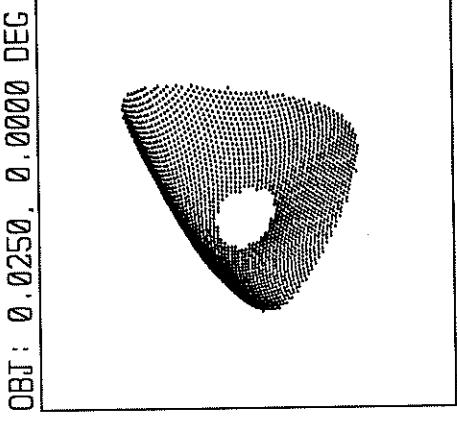
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OBJ: 0.0250, 0.0000 DEG



IMA: 0.000, 0.353 IN

OBJ: 0.0000, -0.0250 DEG



IMA: -0.353, 0.000 IN

OBJ: 0.0250, 0.0000 DEG

SPOT DIAGRAM

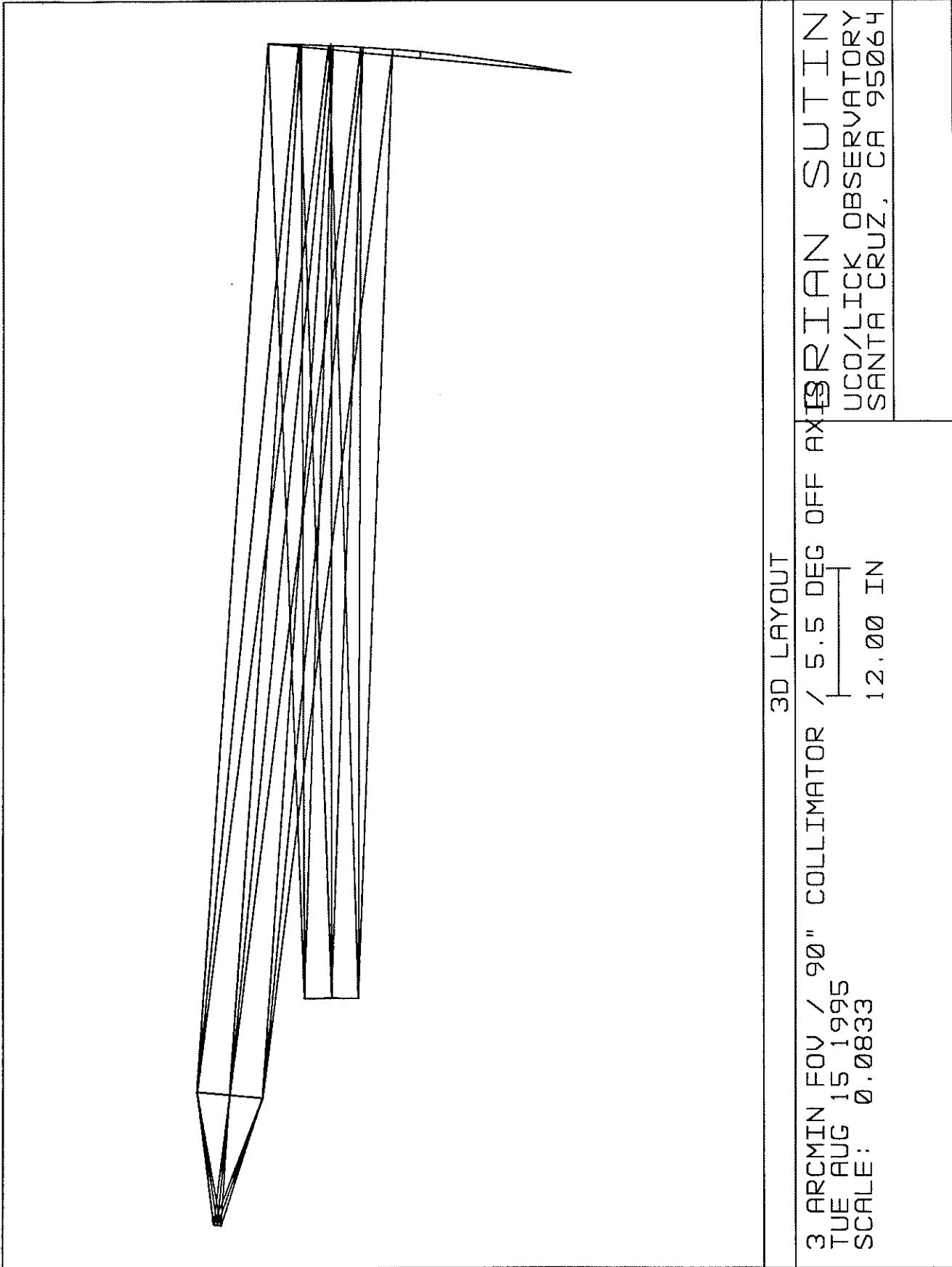
3 ARCMIN FOV / 90" COLLIMATOR / 5.0 DEG OFF AXIS

TUE AUG 15 1995 UNITS ARE MICRONS.

FIELD	1	2	3	4
RMS RADIUS :	0.644	10.018	9.950	9.984
GEO RADIUS :	1.269	16.376	20.102	18.793
BOX WIDTH :	50			

REFERENCE : CENTROID

BRIAN SUTIN
UCO/LICK OBSERVATORY
SANTA CRUZ, CA 95064



3D LAYOUT
3 ARCMIN FOV / 90" COLLIMATOR / 5.5 DEG OFF AXIS
TUE AUG 15 1995
SCALE: 0.0833
12.00 IN

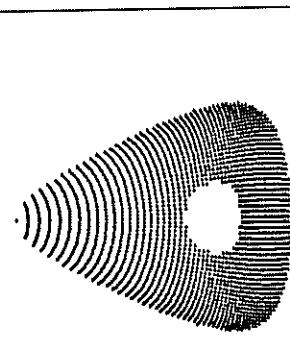
SUTIN
UCO/LICK OBSERVATORY
SANTA CRUZ, CA 95064

OBJ: 0.0000, 0.0000 DEG

00.05

IMA: 0.000, -0.000 IN

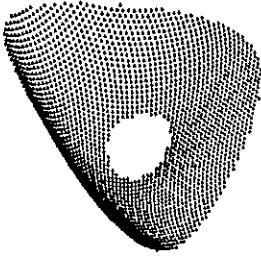
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OBJ: 0.0000, -0.0250 DEG

IMA: 0.000, 0.353 IN

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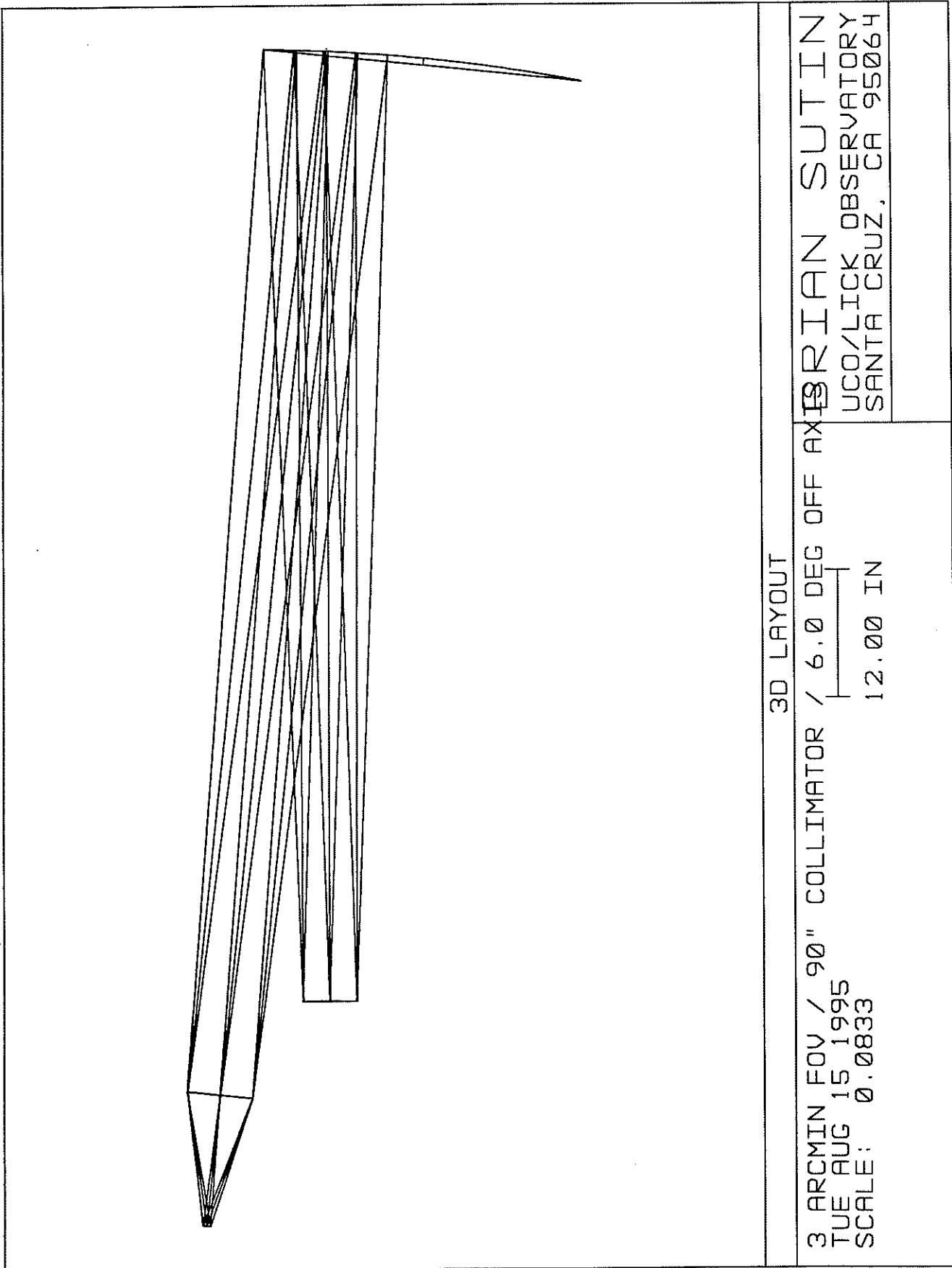


IMA: 0.000, -0.352 IN

SPOT DIAGRAM

BRITAN SUN IN
UCO/LICK OBSERVATORY
SANTA CRUZ, CA 95064

3 ARCMIN FOV / 90" COLLIMATOR / 5.5 DEG OFF AXIS
TUE AUG 15 1995 UNITS ARE MICRONS.
FIELD : 1 2 3 4
RMS RADIUS : 0.644 10.971 10.897 10.934
GEO RADIUS : 1.268 17.714 21.419 20.104
BOX WIDTH : 50 REFERENCE : CENTROID



3D LAYOUT
3 ARCMIN FOV / 90" COLLIMATOR / 6.0 DEG OFF AX
TUE AUG 15 1995
SCALE: 0.0833
12.00 IN

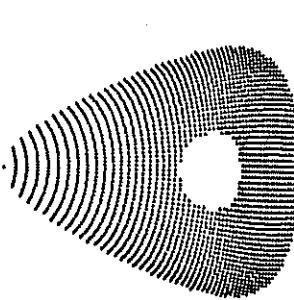
BRIAN SUTTON
UCO/VLICK OBSERVATORY
SANTA CRUZ, CA 95064

OBJ: 0.0000, 0.0000 DEG

00.05

IMA: 0.000, -0.000 IN

OBJ: 0.0000, 0.0250 DEG



IMA: 0.000, -0.352 IN

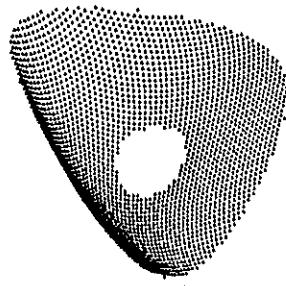
SPOT DIAGRAM

3 ARCMIN FOV / 90" COLLIMATOR / 6.0 DEG OFF AXIS
TUE AUG 15 1995 UNITS ARE MICRONS.
FIELD : 1 2 3 4
RMS RADIUS : 0.644 11.926 11.846 11.886
GEO RADIUS : 1.268 19.050 22.733 21.414
BOX WIDTH : 50 REFERENCE : CENTROID

OBJ: 0.0000, -0.0250 DEG

IMA: 0.000, 0.353 IN

OBJ: 0.0250, 0.0000 DEG



IMA: -0.352, 0.001 IN

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UCOOLICK OBSERVATORY
SANTA CRUZ, CA 95064